

Apparo Fast Edit

How to setup the History feature

Version 3.3



| | | |
|------------|--|-----------|
| 1 | Basics | 3 |
| 2 | Prerequisites | 3 |
| 3 | Enabling the feature | 3 |
| 4 | Settings of the History feature | 5 |
| 4.1 | Tab Main | 5 |
| 4.1.1 | Use columns as row group | 5 |
| 4.1.2 | Time resolution | 5 |
| 4.1.3 | 'Valid from' date column | 6 |
| 4.1.3.1 | Validate valid from | 7 |
| 4.1.4 | 'Valid to' date column | 8 |
| 4.1.5 | Use for current flag | 8 |
| 4.2 | Tab Advanced | 9 |
| 4.2.1 | Date for infinity | 9 |
| 4.2.2 | History flag for current row | 10 |
| 4.2.3 | History flag for not current row | 10 |
| 4.2.4 | Set historical entries to read-only | 10 |
| 4.2.5 | Don't delete entries physically | 10 |
| 4.2.6 | Users can enter custom valid-to dates | 10 |
| 4.2.7 | Use advanced constant value settings for 'valid-from' widget | 11 |
| 5 | Hands on | 12 |
| 5.1 | Step 1 - Setting up the History feature | 12 |
| 5.2 | Step 2 - Preparing the Business Case | 13 |
| 5.2.1 | Primary key and hidden widgets | 13 |
| 5.2.2 | Setting up TIME_FROM & TIME_TO | 13 |
| 5.2.3 | Setting up Business Case output filter | 14 |
| 5.2.4 | Setting up the history | 15 |
| 5.2.5 | Result | 15 |
| 5.3 | Optional features | 16 |
| 5.3.1 | Using simple auditing | 16 |
| 5.3.2 | Using delete current data row | 16 |

1 Basics

The history feature is based on [slowly changing dimensions type 2](#) and is intended to track data changes. Instead of overwriting a row when the user changes the value of one or several columns, the history feature creates a new row and marks it as current.

The example:

A car sharing club owns different cars and each car can be used by one member at a time only. To track who is driving the car right now they are using Fast Edit and a simple database table with the columns ID (which is auto generated when inserting a new row), CAR_NAME, DRIVER_NAME.

Now they also want to track who had the car recently, they decided to use the History feature, because of its capability to track data changes on selected dimensions.

2 Prerequisites

The target table of the Business Case requires 2 additional columns of type 'date' and one optional column for the current flag of type e.g. varchar or number.

Using an additional column 'current flag' makes it later far easier to filter the Business Case for the 'current rows' only.

The feature 'Inserting of new data rows' must be enabled, including the checkbox 'Insert area is able to update an already existing data row'.

3 Enabling the feature

All features can be enabled/disabled using the 'Features Button' in the top right corner.

The screenshot shows the APPARO interface with the 'Features' button highlighted in yellow in the top right corner. The interface includes a sidebar with settings like 'Main settings', 'Standard buttons', 'Filter data output', 'Variables', 'Inserting of new data rows', 'Editing of data rows', 'Excel import', 'Excel export', and 'Auditing of data changes'. The main area shows a table for 'Editing widgets' with columns for Column, Column name, Widget type, Title, PK, RO, H, and NN.

| Column | Column name | Widget type | Title | PK | RO | H | NN |
|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 > ID | > Input field | Id | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 2 > CAR_NAME | > Input field | Car name | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 3 > DRIVER_NAME | > Input field | Driver name | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 4 > TIME_FROM | > Input field | Time from | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 5 > TIME_TO | > Input field | Time to | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 6 > FLAG | > Input field | Flag | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Now click on 'Data history' and enable the feature by clicking on the 'No' button. It turns to 'Yes' and shows that the feature is enabled now.

Please select all features that you want to use in this Business Case:

| | |
|--|---|
| Insert/delete/update/copy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inserting of new data rows ✓ Editing of data rows ✓ Deleting of data rows Bulk data update ✓ Copying of data rows | Actions and scripts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Widget data calculations ✓ My own action buttons Automatic scripts and database procedures |
| Excel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Excel import Excel export ✓ | Other <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Refreshing data My own database error messages Filtering ✓ Data transaction handling |
| Data quality <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data row validator Checking primary key ✓ | Access control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Security ✓ Limited access (readonly mode) |
| Data change history <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Auditing of data changes Data history ✓ | |

Data history
Enable data history YES

OK CANCEL

After clicking the 'OK button' the widget edit view refreshes and the menu 'Data history' appears.

Run Close Save Cancel

Target table Header Footer Visual Colours **Widgets** Row ordering Link into Portal Features

+ Add - Delete

Editing widgets

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Column | Column name | Widget type | Title | PK | RO | H | NN |
|--------------------------|--------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 | > ID | > Input field | Id | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 2 | > CAR_NAME | > Input field | Car name | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 3 | > DRIVER_NAME | > Input field | Driver name | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 4 | > TIME_FROM | > Input field | Time from | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 5 | > TIME_TO | > Input field | Time to | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 6 | > FLAG | > Input field | Flag | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Main settings
Standard buttons
Filter data output
Variables
Inserting of new data rows
Editing of data rows
Excel import
Excel export
Auditing of data changes
Data history

4 Settings of the History feature

4.1 Tab Main

4.1.1 Use columns as row group

The row group can be imagined as the 'primary key' group of the History group. It is used to identify the data rows belonging to a history group and can contain one or several columns.

Hints:

- The row group should build a unique identifier (like a primary key).
- Take sure that users cannot alter the values of the row group. If values of the history group are changing, this will create new history group (a new entry).

In our example the CAR_NAME is unique and can be used for the history group. Changing any other value will create a new row for this history group and mark it as current, the old values are historicized and in the most cases hidden with filters.

Hint:

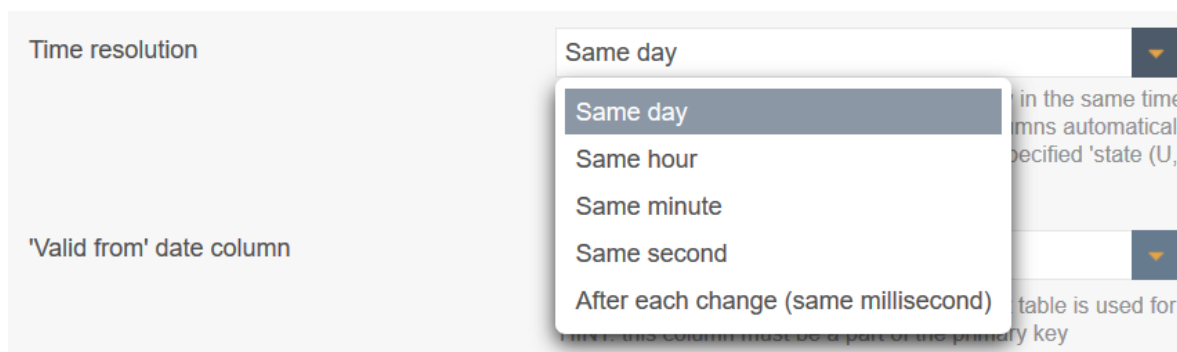
Changing CAR_NAME will create a new history group, since the unique identifier has changed.

In our simple example is 'any other value' the column DRIVER_NAME only, since all other dimensions cannot be used for the history group.

You must not use for the history group:

- Auto computed columns (as the ID column, which is generated by the DB)
- All columns mapped to the history feature (as TIME_FROM, TIME_TO, FLAG)

4.1.2 Time resolution



Sets the timeframe, within a correction (= row update) without historizing is allowed.

Let's say this property is set to 'Same minute', which means if the user is changing the history row within one minute, then no new row is created for the history feature. 'One hour' allows corrections withing one hour and 'After each change' will always create a history row.

Double entries comparing with current data rows are ignored automatically (no update, no insert).

4.1.3 'Valid from' date column

This property needs to be mapped to the 'TIME_FROM' widget. It is storing the valid from value of the history feature.

Hint:

It is important that the widget for the valid from property of the history feature (TIME_FROM in our example) is part of the primary key of the Business Case.

In the most cases the **valid from** date will be generated automatically by the Business Case, using the variable <%CURRENT_DATE%> as constant value in insert and update case in the widget settings of the TIME_FROM widget (tab Mapping & Other)

or it is taken from the advanced constant value settings for 'valid-from' widget (History menu, tab 'Advanced')

or this date is read from Excel document or manual entry.

Widget settings of database column TIME_FROM

| Widget type | Mapping & Other | Flags | Visual | Visual help texts | Data output format |
|---|---|-------|--------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Column name | TIME_FROM ▼ * | | | | |
| Default value | <input type="text"/> | | | | |
| Constant value | Use constant value in insert and update case ▼ | | | | |
| | <input type="text" value="<%CURRENT_DATE%>"/> | | | | |
| Variable for using content in detail BC | <input type="text"/> | | | | |
| <input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="CANCEL"/> | | | | | |

Also important is the correct database column date/time format of this widget.

If the history feature is set to 'After each change' the corresponding date column must support milliseconds.

Please note: It is possible to enter future valid-from dates manually or by variable. If the user changes a data row whose valid-from date is in the future, the history feature will NOT create a new entry, but ALWAYS will update the current entry only.

We recommend to set the widgets output format to at least 'Date with Time Medium'
The history feature works independently of this setting.

Widget settings of database column TIME_FROM

| Widget type | Mapping & Other | Flags | Visual | Visual help texts | Data output format |
|---|-----------------|-------|--------|-------------------|--|
| Output type | | | | | <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> Number Currency Percentage Date / Time Text Use type of output column </div> |
| Show date picker | | | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Date and time part | | | | | <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> Date Time Date with time </div> |
| Format | | | | | <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> Short Medium Long Full Custom </div> |
| Data quality check | | | | | |
| Custom validator Java 7 class | | | | | <input type="text" value="----"/> |
| Interval | | | | | Minimum allowed: <input type="text"/> Maximum allowed: <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="CANCEL"/> | | | | | |

This setting returns a date in the format 'Oct 25, 2016 9:17:13 AM'

Hint:

For milliseconds use the custom output type e.g. **dd.MM.yyyy:hh.mm.ss.SSS**

For microseconds use the custom output type e.g. **dd.MM.yyyy:hh.mm.ss.SSSSSS**

Apparo has a time resolution of up to microseconds (SSSSSS) if the database is supporting that.

4.1.3.1 Validate valid from

| | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|--|
| 'Valid from' date column | TIME_FROM | <input type="checkbox"/> | Validate that the new 'valid from' value precede the latest existing 'valid from' value of this row group. |
| 'Valid to' date column | TIME_TO | | |
| Use for current flag | FLAG | | |

The valid from property also contains the checkbox 'Validate that the new 'valid from' value precede the latest existing 'valid from' value of this row group'.

Example:

The user is selecting the valid from date manually by a date picker (and not using the <%CURRENT_DATE%> variable as constant value, see 'advanced valid from settings' in tab advanced, in menu 'History'), in this case you may activate the checkbox, to make sure that a new entry will be valid (which requires a newer valid from date).

4.1.4 'Valid to' date column

In our example we map here the widget 'TIME_TO'.

Fast Edit is automatically inserting the values for this widget.

A new history row is set to the 'infinity date' (which we will explain later) and the old historicized row get's a timestamp, which shows that the history row is not longer the 'current' row.

| Id | Car name | Driver name | Time from | Time to | Flag |
|----|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------|
| 2 | Porsche-Cayenne | Silvio Speed | Oct 25, 2016 9:17:13 AM | Oct 25, 2016 9:17:35 AM | 0 |
| 3 | Porsche-Cayenne | Rich Racer | Oct 25, 2016 9:17:36 AM | Dec 31, 2999 12:00:00 AM | 1 |

We changed the dimension 'Driver name' to Rich Racer at 9:17:36 AM (row with ID=3), the system created a new row with infinity date (row with ID=3) and sets the valid to date (time to) of the old row to 9:17:35 AM and marks it that way as not current. Reading time from and time to we know this row was the current history row from 9:17:13 AM to 9:17:35 AM.

Hint:

We recommend to set the data output format of the valid to widget (TIME_TO) the same way as the valid from widget (TIME_FROM).

In our example to 'Date with Time (medium)'.

4.1.5 Use for current flag

This optional property can be mapped to the current flag widget.

In the most cases the current history row will be set to 1 (when using 0 and 1 for current flag).

It allows to easier filter the Business Case.

Example:

When we use this filter: FLAG = 1, then all historicized rows will not be shown to the end user in the Business Case.

4.2 Tab Advanced

It contains the settings for the infinity date, the current flag and other settings.

| Main | Advanced |
|--|--|
| Date for infinity | <input type="text" value="12.31.2999 0:0:0"/> The infinity date is used in the 'date to' column for the current data row. The date format is MM.dd.yyyy H:m:s where <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - d - day of month (1-31) - M - month of year (1-12) - yyyy - year - H - hour - m - minute - s - second e.g. 1.1.2999 1:45:45 or 12.31.2999 11:11:11 |
| History flag for current row | <input type="text" value="1"/> * Here you can define the value for the current column for the data row with the current values Specify number in format "###,###,###" or for text you can use any character |
| History flag for not current row | <input type="text" value="0"/> * Here you can define the value for the current column for all non-current data rows Specify number in format "###,###,###" or for text you can use any character |
| Set historical entries to read-only | <input type="checkbox"/> If enabled then data records with a valid-to date that lie in the past cannot be deleted or changed. |
| Don't delete entries physically | <input type="checkbox"/> If enabled and the user deletes a record with valid-to date in the future, the entry is not physically deleted, but the valid-to date is set to the current date and will be historicized. |
| Users can enter custom valid-to dates | <input type="checkbox"/> If enabled, the user can set custom valid-to dates for the current row. By default, the valid-to date is taken from the feature settings (infinity date) and used for the current row. |
| Use advanced constant value settings for 'valid-from' widget | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> If enabled, the use of constant values of the widget 'valid-from' can be defined in a more detailed way. |
| Advanced constant value settings for 'valid-from' widget | |
| The constant value for inserting a new history group entry | <input type="text" value="<%TIMESTAMP%>"/> V Use format 'yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.SSS' e.g. 2019-09-25 14:59:59.000 |
| The constant value for editing an existing group entry | <input type="text" value="<%TIMESTAMP%>"/> V Use format 'yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.SSS' e.g. 2019-09-25 14:59:59.000 |
| If activated, the user can manually overwrite the set constant values | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <small>If left empty, no constant values are used. Set constant values are valid for all security groups if using security group-dependent constant values.</small> | |

4.2.1 Date for infinity

The infinity date is used in the 'date to' column for the current data row.

The date format is: MM.dd.yyyy H:m:s

Where

- d - day of month (1-31)
- M - month of year (1-12)
- yyyy - year
- H - hour
- m - minute
- s - second

e.g. 1.1.2999 1:45:45 or 12.31.2999 11:11:11

4.2.2 History flag for current row

Here you can define the value for the current column for the data row with the current values
Specify number in format "###,###.###" or for text you can use any character.

In most cases the value '1' is used here.

4.2.3 History flag for not current row

Here you can define the value for the current column for all non-current data rows
Specify number in format "###,###.###" or for text you can use any character

In most cases the value '0' is used here.

4.2.4 Set historical entries to read-only

If enabled then data records with a valid-to date that lie in the past turns to read-only and cannot be deleted or changed.

4.2.5 Don't delete entries physically

If enabled and the user deletes a record with valid-to date in the future, the entry is not physically deleted. In this case the valid-to date is set to the current date instead and will be historicized.

4.2.6 Users can enter custom valid-to dates

If enabled, the user can set manually custom valid-to dates for the current row.
By default is the valid-to date taken from the feature settings (infinity date) and used for the current row automatically.

4.2.7 Use advanced constant value settings for 'valid-from' widget

If enabled, the use of constant values of the widget 'valid-from' can be defined in a more detailed way. If this feature is activated, but the constant values for inserting and/or editing were left empty, then no constant values are used.

Set constant values are valid for all security groups if using security group-dependent constant values.

The advanced constant value settings for 'valid-from' widget offers three options:

1. *The constant value for inserting a new history group entry*

You can use custom or predefined variables here (e.g. <%TIMESTAMP%> or <%CURRENT_DATE%>) or a fix date value with the format 'yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.SSS'

e.g. 2019-09-25 14:59:59.000

2. *The constant value for editing an existing group entry*

You can use custom or predefined variables here (e.g. <%TIMESTAMP%> or <%CURRENT_DATE%>) or a fix date value with the format 'yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.SSS'

e.g. 2019-09-25 14:59:59.000

3. *If activated, the user can manually overwrite the set constant values*

Users can enter manually custom values instead of using the given constant values.

5 Hands on

We will now continue with our example and setup the Business Case step by step. As preparation we already created the Business Case, including the additional columns for the history feature.

5.1 Step 1 - Setting up the History feature

Main
Advanced

Using history functionality means that Apparo Fast Edit is automatically copying a data row if the user is changing a value. Depending on the decision strategy (time resolution) it is updating the row or copying including time frame update. The row group normally contains all used primary key widgets. It must not contain date_from & date_to columns. For auto-handling the date from widget, it requires e.g. the <-%CURRENT_DATE%> variable set as constant value in ins. Please set the output type of this widget to at least date with time (medium). For milliseconds use the custom output type. Please read this [document](#) for more details.

Use columns as row group

ID

CAR_NAME

DRIVER_NAME

TIME_FROM

TIME_TO

FLAG

Time resolution

After each change (same millisecond)

If there are 2 or more data changes into a row in the same time frame and changing the 'date from' and 'date to' columns automatically to Special case: if simple auditing is used with specified 'state (U,I,D)' strategy)

'Valid from' date column

TIME_FROM

The 'valid from' database column of the target table is used for storing. HINT: this column must be a part of the primary key

'Valid to' date column

TIME_TO

The 'valid to' database column of the target table is used for storing

Use for current flag

FLAG

The 'current' database column of the target table is used for marking

With CAR_NAME as history group, we are historizing any changes in the widget DRIVER_NAME. Time resolution same second is storing any change when using manual input.

Hint:

ID cannot be part of the history group; the database is computing the value.

5.2 Step 2 - Preparing the Business Case

5.2.1 Primary key and hidden widgets

Target table | Header | Footer | Visual | Colours | **Widgets** | Row ordering | Link into Portal | Features

A widget is a flexible input/output component that is connected to a database column of the target table. In this tab you can place widgets into this Business Case, into different areas like filtering area, bulk update area, editing area, input area and calculation area. Each area has a different functionality:

Filtering area: The place for filtering widgets for comfortable filtering
 Bulk update area: Widgets for updating many rows with one mouse click
 Editing area: Widgets for editing existing data rows
 Inserting area: Widgets for inserting data - The inserting area is part of the editing area
 Calculation area: Area for output of statistic data

+ Add - Delete

| Editing widgets | | | | | PK | RO | H | NN |
|--------------------------|--------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Column | Column name | Widget type | Title | | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 | > ID | > Input field | Id | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 2 | > CAR_NAME | > Input field | Car name | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 3 | > DRIVER_NAME | > Input field | Driver name | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 4 | > TIME_FROM | > Input field | Time from | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 5 | > TIME_TO | > Input field | Time to | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 6 | > FLAG | > Input field | Flag | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

The primary key is the ID and TIME_FROM.

ID can be part of the primary key but not part of the history group, the primary key combination of the Business Case can differ from the primary key of the database table.

ID, TIME_FROM, TIME_TO and FLAG are set to hidden, users don't need to change them.

5.2.2 Setting up TIME_FROM & TIME_TO

Widget settings of database column TIME_FROM

Widget type | **Mapping & Other** | Flags | Visual | Visual help texts | Data output format

Column name: TIME_FROM

Default value:

Constant value: Use constant value in insert and update case

<%CURRENT_DATE%>

Variable for using content in detail BC:

OK CANCEL

We insert CURRENT_DATE as constant value in insert and update case in the widget TIME_FROM. This allows Fast Edit to automatically manage the history properties 'valid from' and 'valid to'.

Widget settings of database column TIME_FROM

| Widget type | Mapping & Other | Flags | Visual | Visual help texts | Data output format |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-------|--------|---|---|
| Output type | | | | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Number Currency Percentage Date / Time Text Use type of output column |
| Show date picker | | | | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Date and time part | | | | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Date Time Date with time |
| Format | | | | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Short Medium Long Full Custom |
| Data quality check | | | | | |
| Custom validator Java 7 class | | | | | <input type="text" value="----"/> |
| Interval | | | | | Minimum allowed: <input type="text"/> Maximum allowed: <input type="text"/> |
| | | | | <input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="CANCEL"/> | |

We set the data output format of the widgets **TIME_FROM** and **TIME_TO** to Date with Time (medium)

5.2.3 Setting up Business Case output filter

| Run | Close | Save | Cancel |
|--|-------|------|--------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main settings Standard buttons Filter data output Variables Inserting of new data rows Editing of data rows Excel import Excel export Auditing of data changes Data history | | | |
| Filter data output The SQL filter conditions are filtering data rows of the target table for the output. | | | |
| <input type="text" value="FLAG = 1"/> | | | |
| <input type="text" value="FLAG"/> | | | |
| <input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="-"/> <input type="button" value="*"/> <input type="button" value="/"/> <input type="button" value="&"/> <input type="button" value=" "/> <input type="button" value="^"/> <input type="button" value=" "/> <input type="button" value="="/> <input type="button" value=">"/> <input type="button" value="<"/> <input type="button" value=">="/> <input type="button" value="<="/> <input type="button" value="("/> <input type="button" value=")"/> <input type="button" value="'"/> | | | |

FLAG=1 filters all historicized rows, since those have the value 0 in the column FLAG.

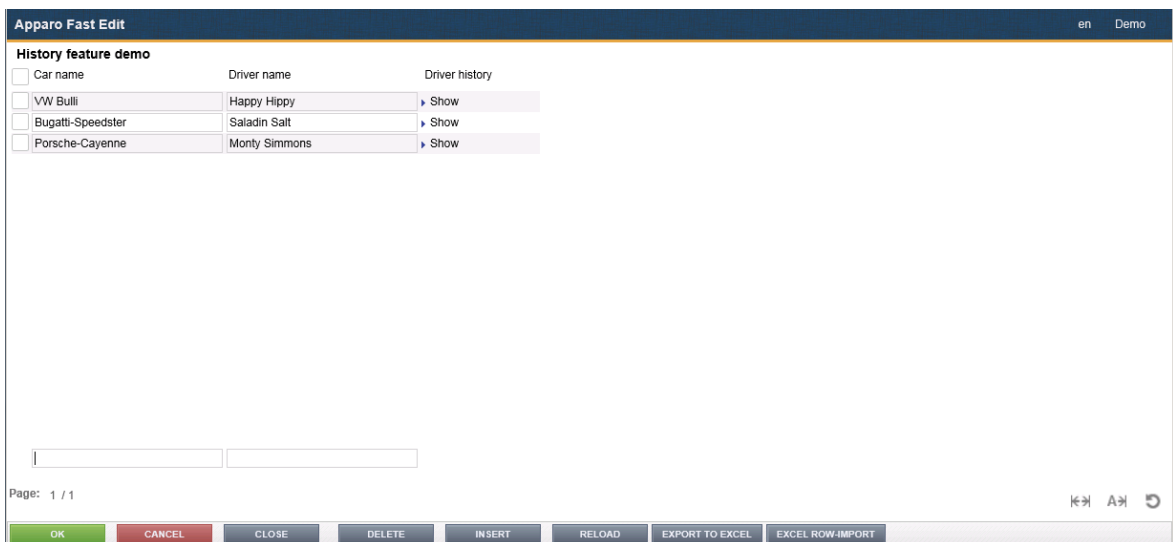
5.2.4 Setting up the history

As last part we want to add a driver history, that shows all recent drivers, which is technically seen a list of all historicized rows.

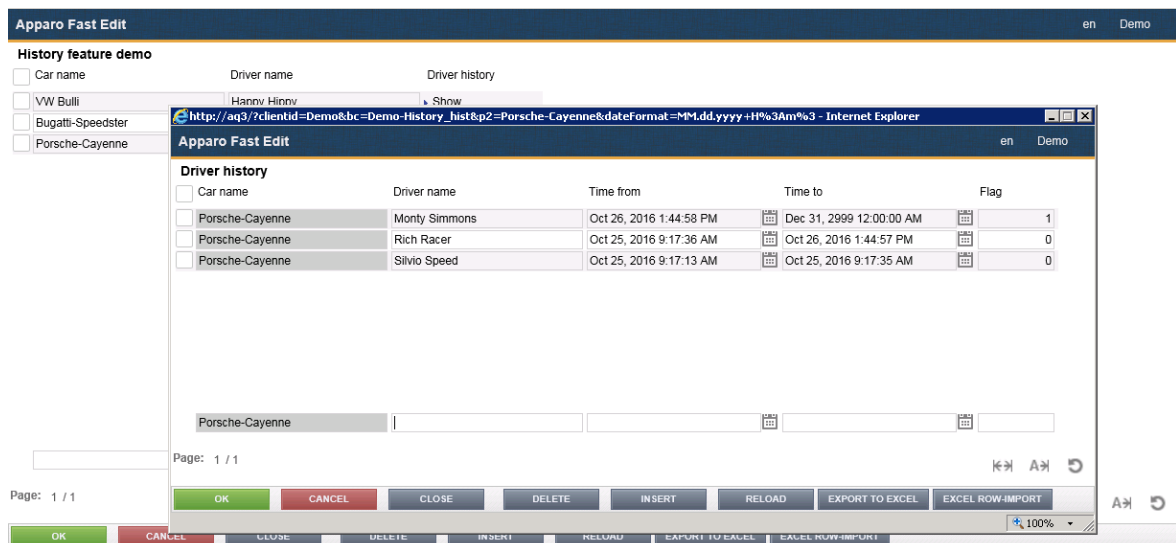
We simply use an adapted copy of the Business Case, removed the filter and the history feature and created a hyperlink widget to this Business Case.

5.2.5 Result

For the user, the history feature works totally hidden.



Clicking the Driver history link opens a popup window with all recent drivers (historicized data rows)



5.3 Optional features

5.3.1 Using simple auditing

Simple auditing has a different behavior if history feature is enabled.

If a new data row is inserted and this is the first version of a history then state column contains “I”.
If a data row is changed and a new data row (new version) is created then state column contains “U”.

Auditing of data changes

| Simple auditing settings | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Inserting a new row case | Updating or deleting row case |
| User name column | PLANNING_CHANGE_USER | PLANNING_CHANGE_USER |
| Date column | PLANNING_CHANGE_DATE | PLANNING_CHANGE_DATE |
| State (U,I,D) column | | PLANNING_CHANGE_TYPE |
| Row edit type column | | |
| In delete case delete data row physically | | <input type="checkbox"/> |

5.3.2 Using delete current data row

It is possible to delete the current data row of a history.
In this case the “Simple Auditing” feature must be enabled and the column “State” must be used.

If the user is selecting the current data row and is pressing the “Delete” button then a copy of this data row is getting the status “D” and time-from and time-to is changed to current date.

Auditing of data changes

| Simple auditing settings | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Inserting a new row case | Updating or deleting row case |
| User name column | PLANNING_CHANGE_USER | PLANNING_CHANGE_USER |
| Date column | PLANNING_CHANGE_DATE | PLANNING_CHANGE_DATE |
| State (U,I,D) column | | PLANNING_CHANGE_TYPE |
| Row edit type column | | |
| In delete case delete data row physically | | <input type="checkbox"/> |